



[original idea]  
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# Self-Publishing Journal

Open Collaboration\*†

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## Abstract

We propose a disruption between the publication of scientific articles and the quality control agency by the development of Self-Publication Journals.

**keywords:** open science, open access, self-publication, publishing system, scientific journal

*The most updated version of this paper is available at*

<https://osf.io/782da/download>

## Introduction

1. By **Self-Publication Journal (SPJ)**, we mean a *scientific journal* in which the *author* and the *editor* are the *same person*.
2. *Papers* are *precious pieces of knowledge* and *empowerment*.
3. Researchers produce papers.
4. Paywall journals forbid the free open access to the knowledge produced by the scientists [1].

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\*All authors with their affiliations appear at the end of this paper.

†Corresponding author: mplobo@uft.edu.br | Join the Open Collaboration

5. There is an urgent need to upgrade the publishing system such that it fully incorporates the potentialities of the digital technology [2, 3].
6. Unfortunately, traditional journals do not meet all the technological demand of the academic publishing.
7. In **summary**, since *papers* are *precious* pieces of knowledge produced by *researchers*, since paywall journals lock the scientific knowledge, and due to (5) and (6), then it is pretty logical to conclude that the best option left to the researchers is to **Reinvent Scientific Journals** [4].
8. The idea for the SPJ is similar to the self-publication of books.

## Proposition

9. *Each and every researcher can build and run her/his own self-publishing scientific journal.*

## Do-it-yourself

10. The Overlay Journal is a modern and robust alternative model for the publishing system of scientific knowledge [5, 6].
11. One can check the guidelines to create a journal in “*A do-it-yourself overlay journal*” [7].

## Post-publication review

12. In this paper, we take for granted that *publication* is *independent* of *peer review*.
13. Review can happen post publication.

# Open invitation and huge collaboration

14. The author can issue an open invitation calling for new collaborators to co-author any paper published in a post-publication review journal.
15. Huge collaboration increases the quality of the papers being produced.
16. Reviewers can also be invited to co-author the papers under review [8].

## Quality

17. A **Quality Standards Committee Agency (QCA)** would rank the SPJs [9].

## Flexibility

18. The papers can be written in any format that is more convenient to both the reader and the author.
19. *Microarticles* are short versions of scientific articles written in *enumerated items* to foster *transparency* and to help *communication* [10, 11].

## Disruption

20. Traditional journals intertwine two operations:
  - (i) publishing;
  - (ii) asserting the quality control.
21. **We propose a disruption between the publishing institution and the quality control agency.**
22. In other words, (21) means that *the journal is no longer both the publisher and the quality control agency*.

23. The authors publish what they believe are high-quality papers in their own SPJs.
24. The quality control agencies assert the quality of the papers and the quality of the SPJs as well.

## How to convince researchers to self-publish their work?

25. We envisage that the following guidelines would strengthen the SPJ system of academic publishing.
26. Create your own overlay journal [7].
27. Publish high-quality papers in your SPJ [9].
28. (27) would show to the scientific community that “what” is published is more important than “where” it is published.
29. The self-publication system is one alternative solution that fits perfectly those researchers that have sufficient freedom to publish their results anywhere.
30. In Brazil, there are researchers employed in universities that offer stability in their jobs.
31. Use (27) to convince funders and stakeholders that SPJ is a trustworthy system of academic publishing.
32. Usually it is our peers who decide which research will be funded.
33. By convincing our peers that SPJ produces high-quality papers, SPJ can be consolidated as a legitimate mean of producing scientific knowledge.

# Further Reading

34. **Promoting an open research culture** [12]  
<http://doi.org/10.1126/science.aab2374>
35. **Reinventing Scientific Journals** [4]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/kzfmn>
36. **Collaborative Open Access Journals** [13]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/4wcvr>
37. **Peer Reviewer = Co-Author (in the OJMP)** [8]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/xv6kb>
38. **Universal Scientific Database** [14]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/4whbp>
39. **Scientific Tags** [15]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/tahx5>
40. **Open Knowledge Base: Resources and Units of Knowledge** [16]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/7vayt>
41. **Open Mathematics Knowledge Base** [17]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/evq8a>
42. **'Is there a connection between quantity and quality' in a scientific article?** [18]  
<https://doi.org/10.31219/osf.io/kfwxd>

# Final Remarks

43. Self-Publishing Journals (SPJs) offer much faster means and it gives more flexibility for the researchers to publish their ideas and results.
44. Quality control agencies can verify and rank the SPJs.

# Open Invitation

*Review, add content, and **co-author** this paper [10, 19].*

*Join the **Open Collaboration** (<https://bit.ly/ojmp-slack>).*

*Send your contribution to [mplobo@uft.edu.br](mailto:mplobo@uft.edu.br).*

# Open Science

The **latex file** for this paper together with other *supplementary files* are available [20].

# Ethical conduct of research

This original work was pre-registered under the OSF Preprints [21], please cite it accordingly [22]. This will ensure that researches are conducted with integrity and intellectual honesty at all times and by all means.

# Acknowledgement

*Do we still need journals?*

<https://gitlab.com/publishing-reform/discussion/-/issues/59>

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## The Open Collaboration

Matheus Pereira Lobo (lead author, [mplobo@uft.edu.br](mailto:mplobo@uft.edu.br))<sup>1,2</sup>  
<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-4554-1372>

<sup>1</sup>Federal University of Tocantins (Brazil)

<sup>2</sup>Universidade Aberta (UAb, Portugal)